THE SECRET AND ENIGMATIC ILLEGAL QUI TAM BASED SLAVE LABOR SYSTEM (The Private Corporate Non-Constituional Government In The U.S.A.)

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The United States (sic) District Court (Inc.) and the U.S. Attorney's Office (Inc.) in conjunction with their correspondent sister corporations, the Federal Correctional Institutions (Inc.), Federal Prison Camps (Inc.), Metropolitan Correctional Centers (Inc.), etc. (hereinafter Federal Gulags), appear to be but only a few among many subsidiary or sister corporations¹ operating outside the District of Columbia² in an intricate QUI TAM (me too)³ system of private, commercial, non-governmental corporations⁴ whose origin and identity cannot be determined, yet whose defrauding and extorting tentacles extend from coast to coast in the Continental North America, and which are under guise of law engaged in terrorizing and sucking the life's blood (labor and wealth)⁵ from natural born free inhabitants that have not knowingly⁶ contracted with them, over whom therefore they have NO proven nor otherwise extant jurisdiction.8

The Federal Gulags are contracting with the U.S. District Courts through the QUI TAM and associated court system (e.g., all United States district and appellate courts [Inc.] established in all states and territories of the Continental North America, including the District of Columbia) to supply slaves and slave labor for the prisons (Inc.) factories and installations, all of them illegally enjoying and benefitting from the resultant profits through proceed sharing (booty sharing) arrangements among and between them. These profits then pass through an illegal regional and central money laundering system and racketeering influenced corrupt organizational scheme (organized corporate conspiracy); and by which the said non-governmental institutions and accounts and funds are kept and managed.

The system's courts, officers, 13 and prisons' top officials unlawfully act under direct and/or indirect orders from the district courts and other such corporative (inland admiralty) courts and prisons (Inc.) in this system, etc., 14 violating our rights and they (and all others involved in the QUI TAM system) share in the profits derived from such kidnapping, 15 imprisonment, enslavement, and involuntary servitude. 16 Therefore and otherwise, the contract (corporative association and agreement in the nature of a CONSPIRACY) which exists between and among these (and other) involved corporations by telephone, electronic services, mail, personal appearances, conventions, meetings, reunions, orders, supplies, purchases, and financing, etc., and which collusion affects and is prejudicial to all those caught in the QUI TAM system, and is illegally contrary to governing and immutable common law and violative of our rights, liberties, and immunities, are unlawful and unconstitutional and constitute a false court/prison, law-enforcement fraud and extortion scheme.

Although the corporation or corporations PARENT to these <u>non-governmental</u> (de facto) private, commercial "agencies" are presently unknown and difficult to describe or may not even exist on paper de jure, this system de facto/ipso facto operates through agreements, understandings, contracts, trusts, monopolies, pools, interlocking directorships, holding companies, and other parasitic and predatory institutions (tangible and intangible, de facto and de jure), and other practices, and like devices of a more modern, <u>hidden</u>, <u>devious</u>, and <u>insidious</u> character and result.¹⁷ The Ollie North gang was its <u>military</u> counterpart.

These federal (sic) 18 corporations include, but are not limited to, the U.S. district and appellate courts (Inc.), the U.S. Attorney's Offices, (Inc.), the Drug Enforcement Administration (Inc.), the Internal Revenue Service (Inc.), the Federal Bureau of Investigations (Inc.), the Bureau of Tobacco, Alcohol and Firearms (Inc.), the Bureau of Prisons (Inc.), Federal Prison Industries (Inc.), Unicor (Inc.), the Central Intelligence Agency (Inc.), the U.S. Marshals (Inc.), etc. — all contracting (conspiring) and ramaining in collusion with each other, creating otherwise non-existing crimes 19 and "convicting" (sic) their victims in their own illegal and fake court system 20 which is run by private corporate officers, stripping their prey of their liberty, property, wealth, good name, families, and lives — under guise of law, and forcing and terrorizing their families with the same ferver and ruthlessness if they do not submit to the corporation's (fake government's) will.

Although the herewith given exposition of the federal (sic) qui tam/de facto/illegal/corporate court/police/prison system may seem prolix — it is difficult to explain and describe that which is so deviously and meticulously calculated to remain so well hidden, complex, and incomprehensible. This is the secret of its success and proliferation. Precisely these characteristics have allowed all these private corporations to have an appearance of governmental legitimacy, yet having no legal foundation whatsoever, neither legislative nor constitutional nor otherwise, and to escape detection and to evade ease of description.

FOOTNOTES

- E.g., U.S. (sic) Marshals (Inc.), D.E.A. (Inc.), F.B.I. (Inc.), I.R.S. (Inc.), C.I.A. (Inc.), B.T.A.F. (Inc.), Unicor (Inc.), etc., etc. It must be noted here that the law and Constitution provide that the Constitutional Government of the District of Columbia cannot exist or function outside the District of Columbia except in rare circumstances (a) against corporations and legal entities (Art. I:8:3; Hale v. Henkel, 201 U.S. 43 [1905]) and (b) on certain limited federal enclaves (Art. I:8:17; U.S. v. Benson, 495 F.2d 475 (5th Cir. 1974). See Walt's Book.
- ² May have links to Federal agencies operating lawfully and in collusion with this corporate and other such corporations as herein referenced. The individuals in the District of Columbia have acquiesced in, covered up, and benefited from this illegal fraud, extortion, assassination, mass murder, and genocidal scheme.

See Black's Law Dictionary, "Qui Tam Action," an action brought by an informer under as statute which establishes a penalty for the commission or omission of a certain act, part of the penalty to go to the informer.

- The system herein described is totally privately owned, and established on private and Art. I:8:17 property, outside the District of Columbia and in lands not ceded by the States to the United States (e.g., for forts, magazines, dockyards, and other needfull buildings). See U.S. Constitution of 1787/1789, Art. I:8:17 and associated case law, etc.
- I.e., perpetrating attacks against life, liberty, and property, by imprisoning, fining, taxing, forfeiting, confiscating, miming, torturing, burning, and murdering, etc.
- These private, non-governmental corporations, through deceptive schemes, have attempted to assume a governmental air and jurisdiction.
- See Ramsey v. Allegre, 25 U.S. 611 (1827); Swan v. Fuline, 248 F.Supp. 364; Boyd v. U.S., 116 U.S. 616; New Jersey v. Johnson, 68 N.J. 349 (1975).
- See Ramsey v. Allegre, supra, requiring a contract in order to create jurisdiction over the victims/defendants; see also Lytle v. Arkansas, 9 How. 314, 335.5; U.S. v. Rogers, 23 F. 658 (D.C. Ark. 1885).
- 9 "Correspondent."
- In the form of salaries, business offices and supplies, travelling and entertainment expenses reimburstments, kick-backs, pensions, retirement plans, insurance schemes, housing arrangements, lecturing fees, Federal Reserve credit/debt financing and subsequent debt forgiveness (as the one claimed by Supreme Court Justice W. Brennan [\$120,000 dollars worth] in his 1990 financial disclosure form [updated note by writer]), managed and kept in private, nongopvernmental corporate (non-District of Colombia) accounts and institutions; and are issued as paychecks and payments for goods and services, labeled, deceivingly, "U.S. Treasury," in order to fool all. The United States Postal Service is heavily involved.
- Federal Reserve Banks and correspondent banks issuing checks sub nom, "U.S. Treasury," "Treasury Department," etc.
- The law provides stricktly that a governmental institution must act as a buffer between the judge who assesses/enforces fines, penalties, taxes, assessments, and forfeitures, and that NO private, non-governmental entity can constitute that buffer, see Tummey v. Ohio, 273 U.S. 510 (1927); Ward v. Monroeville, 409 U.S. 57 (1972); Marshal v. Jerico, 446 U.S. 238 (1980); U.S. v. Mussry, 726 F.2d 1448 (9th Cir. 1984); U.S. v. Woodley, 726 F.2d 1328 (9th Cir. 1983); see also 18 U.S.C. 1951 et seqq., 1961 et seqq., racketeering and RICO statutes.
- Including clerks, and the heads of other related private qui tam agencies, etc.; e.g., administrators, directors, wardens, superintendent, etc.

E.g., U.S. (sic) Marshals, D.E.A., I.R.S., Bureau of Prisons, U.S. (sic) courts, U.S. (sic) Attorneys and Assistant Attorneys, etc., etc.

NOTE: It must be noted that the U.S.S.R. has recently admitted "discovering" an illegal and unconstitutional and fake court fraud and extortion scheme instituted by past leader Breshnev and his son-in-law, who modeled theirs after America's. It is amazing and apalling that the same thing exists here, but which in its insidiousness and breadth — makes the Russian version look like a picnic, and which was instituted by a past leader in America, F.D. Roosevelt through his nazi-like, communist-like, fascist-like, corporative state, mercantilism scheme, in the "New Deal," the N.R.A./N.I.R.A. era which effectively turned government over to the corporations. This scheme of fake law, fake judges, fake jurisdictions, fake crimes, fake trials, fake fines, false imprisonment in fake prisons in America must be exposed and neutralized — just as in Russia, and you are the one which must do it. (See history of Roosevelt's fake court system recorded in part in West's 1986-7 paperback Ed. of the U.S. Judicial Code, 28 U.S.C. 44, 88, and Appendix I. See also R.N. Current, T.H. Greer, W. Adams, F.O. Bonkovsky, E. Mullins, R. Epperson, etc., works.)

- 15 Shanghied.
- Impressment, see 6 Anne. 37 c. 1701-1709 prohibition against impressment (slavery) in America.
- 17 See R.N. Current, Henry Adams, etc. (supra) works.
- Refers to the corporations that operate outside the District of Colombia and whose "business names" mislead others into believing that they have substantial ties with governmental agencies in the District of Columbia with names similar to theirs. No such substantive (constitutional) ties nor authority exists, however.
- E.g., unlawfully "creating new crimes in unchartered fields," Faohey v. Mallone, 332 U.S. 245 (1947), discussed in professor Bernard Schwartz's Administrative Law, case book, page 113.2, L.B. Co., Boston, Mass., 1983; see U.S. v. Eaton, 144 U.S. 677 (Mass. 1892); U.S. v. VonWert, 195 F. 974 (Iowa 1912); U.S. v. Buster, 195 F. 657, 115 C.Ca. 463 (Minn. 1912).
- See article by U.S. Senator Steve Symms (D-Ohio) in the Justice Times, April 1988, titled, "Separation Of Powers Essential To Liberty," and articles in same periodical by W. Mann, Dec. 1987, Jan. and Feb., 1988.
- Peace on earth and the cleaning up and protection of our exploited and polluted natural and man-made environments cannot be realized while America retains this unlawful system of enslavement. Individuals, Russia, China, and even our allies cannot, dare NOT trust America while the fake government remains in place. Ollie North's, Admiral Poindexter's, and William Casey's military facet of the unlawful government has been escised, and now its time to expose the healing light, and excise the civil and criminal sides of this unlawful government which we and the U.S.S.R. thus have a natural and legitimate right to fear, see Readfield v. Fisher, 292 P. 813 (Ore. 1930).